



Issued Date: Feb. 3, 2010 Model No.: M156B3-LA1 **Tentative**

TFT LCD Tentative Specification

MODEL NO.: M156B3-LA1

Customer:	
Approved by:	
Note:	

核准時間	部門	審核	角色	投票
2010-02-10 13:20:07	MTR 產品管理處	吳 2010.02.10 柏 勳	Director	Accept





Tentative

- CONTENTS -

1. GENERAL DESCRIPTION 1.1 OVERVIEW 1.2 FEATURES 1.3 APPLICATION 1.4 GENERAL SPECIFICATIONS 1.5 MECHANICAL SPECIFICATIONS	3
2. ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS	5
3. ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS 3.1 TFT LCD MODULE 3.2 Vcc POWER DIP CONDITION 3.3 BACKLIGHT UNIT	7
4. BLOCK DIAGRAM 4.1 TFT LCD MODULE 4.2 BACKLIGHT UNIT	11
5. INPUT TERMINAL PIN ASSIGNMENT 5.1 TFT LCD MODULE 5.2 LVDS DATA MAPPING TABLE 5.3 BACKLIGHT SPECIFICATION 5.3.1 Connector type 5.3.2 Input connector pin assignment 5.4 COLOR DATA INPUT ASSIGNMENT	12
6. INTERFACE TIMING 6.1 INPUT SIGNAL TIMING SPECIFICATIONS 6.2 POWER ON/OFF SEQUENCE	14
7. OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS 7.1 TEST CONDITIONS 7.2 OPTICAL SPECIFICATIONS	17
8. PACKAGING 8.1 PACKING SPECIFICATIONS 8.2 PACKING METHOD	20
9. DEFINITION OF LABELS	22
10.RELIABILITY TEST	23
11. PRECAUTIONS 11.1 ASSEMBLY AND HANDLING PRECAUTIONS 11.2 SAFETY PRECAUTIONS 11.3 SAFETY STANDARDS 11.4 STORAGE 11.5 OPERATION CONDITION GUIDE 11.6 OTHER	24
12. MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS	26



Tentative

②

	Date	Section	Description
Ver. 0.0	Feb.3, 10	-	M156B3-LA1 Tentative Specifications was first issued.



Tentative

1. GENERAL DESCRIPTION

1.1 OVERVIEW

M156B3-LA1 is a 15.6" wide TFT Liquid Crystal Display module with white LED Backlight unit and 30 pins 1ch-LVDS interface. This module supports 1366 x 768 WXGA mode and can display 16.7M colors. The converter module for Backlight is not built in.

1.2 FEATURES

- Contrast ratio 500:1
- Response time 8ms.
- WXGA (1366 x 768 pixels) resolution.
- DE (Data Enable) only mode.
- LVDS (Low Voltage Differential Signaling) interface.
- RoHS compliance.
- White LED Backlight Unit
- Low power consumption

1.3 APPLICATION

- TFT LCD Monitor

1.4 GENERAL SPECIFICATIONS

Item	Specification	Unit	Note
Active Area	344.232(H) × 193.536(V) (15.6" diagonal)	mm	(1)
Bezel Opening Area	347.5(H)x196.8(V)	mm	(1)
Driver Element	a-si TFT active matrix	-	-
Pixel Number	1366 x R.G.B. x 768	pixel	-
Pixel Pitch	0.252 (H) x 0.252 (V)	mm	-
Pixel Arrangement	RGB vertical stripe	-	-
Display Colors	16.7M	color	-
Color saturation	(65) %NTSC (typ.)	-	-
Surface Treatment	AG type, 3H hard coating, Haze 25	-	-
Module Power Consumption	(8.002)	Watt	(2)

1.5 MECHANICAL SPECIFICATIONS

It	Item		Тур.	Max.	Unit	Note
	Horizontal(H)	363.3	363.8	364.3	mm	
Module Size	Vertical(V)	215.4	215.9	216.4	mm	(1)
	Depth(D)	10.4	10.9	11.6	mm	
Weight		-	1061	1081	g	ı
I/F connector mounting		The mounting in				
pos	sition	the screen cente	r within ±0.5 mm a	as the horizontal.		

Note (1) Please refer to the attached drawings for more information of front and back outline dimensions.

Note (2) Please refer to the section 3.1 & 3.2 & 3.3 for more information of power consumption.



Tentative

2. ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

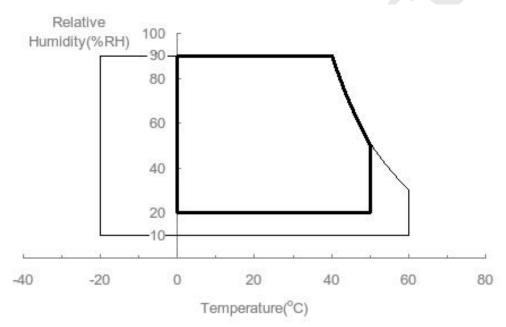
2.1 ABSOLUTE RATINGS OF ENVIRONMENT

Item	Symbol	Va	Unit	Note		
item	Symbol	Min.	Max.	Offic	Note	
Storage Temperature	T _{ST}	-20	+60	°C	(1)	
Operating Ambient Temperature	T _{OP}	0	+50	°C	(1), (2)	
Shock (Non-Operating)	S _{NOP}	-	50	G	(3), (5)	
Vibration (Non-Operating)	V_{NOP}	-	1.5	G	(4), (5)	

Note (1) Temperature and relative humidity range is shown in the figure below.

- (a) 90 %RH Max. (Ta ≤ 40 °C).
- (b) Wet-bulb temperature should be 39 °C Max. (Ta > 40 °C).
- (c) No condensation.

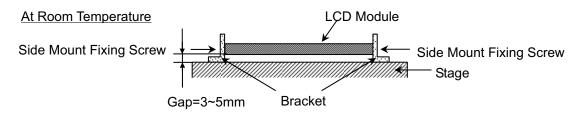
Note (2) The temperature of panel display surface area should be 0 °C Min. and 60 °C Max.



Note (3) 50G,11ms, half sine wave, 1 time for \pm X, \pm Y, \pm Z.

Note (4) 10 ~ 300 Hz, 10min/cycle, 3 cycles each X, Y, Z.

Note (5) At testing Vibration and Shock, the fixture in holding the module has to be hard and rigid enough so that the module would not be twisted or bent by the fixture.







Tentative

2.2 ELECTRICAL ABSOLUTE RATINGS

2.2.1 TFT LCD MODULE

Item	Symbol	Value		Unit	Note
Item	Symbol	Min.	Max.	Offic	Note
Power Supply Voltage	Vcc	-0.3	+6.0	V	(1)
Logic Input Voltage	Vlogic	-0.3	+2.8	V	

Note (1) Permanent damage might occur if the module is operated at conditions exceeding the maximum values.

2.2.2 BACK LIGHT UNIT

Item	Symbol		Value		Unit	Note	
item	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Ullit	Note	
LED Forward Current Per Input Pin	I _F	0	20	30	mA	- ()	
LED Reverse Voltage Per Input Pin	V_{R}			(60)	V	(1), (2) Duty=100%	
Power Dissipation Per Input Pin	P_D			(1.224)	W		

- Note (1) Permanent damage to the device may occur if maximum values are exceeded. Function operation should be restricted to the conditions described under Normal Operating Conditions.
- Note (2) Specified values are for input pin of LED light bar at Ta=25±2 [∞] (Refer to 3.2 and 3.3 for further information).



Global LCD Panel Exchange Center

Issued Date: Feb. 3, 2010 Model No.: M156B3-LA1

Tentative

3. ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

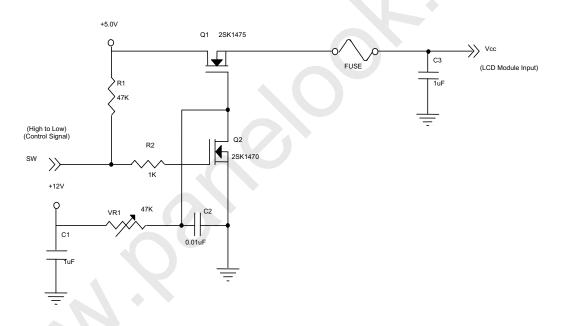
3.1 TFT LCD MODULE

Ta = 25 ± 2 °C

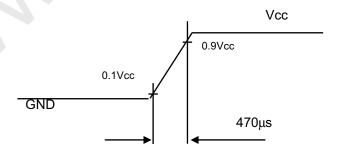
Parameter		Symbol	Value			Unit	Note
r arani	GlGI	Syllibol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Offic	Note
Power Supply Voltage		Vcc	4.5	5.0	5.5	V	-
Ripple Voltage		V_{RP}	-	-	100	mV	-
Rush Current		I _{RUSH}	-	0.84	2	Α	(2)
	White	-	-	0.31	0.37	Α	(3)a
Power Supply Current	Black	-	-	0.38	0.46	Α	(3)b
	Vertical Stripe	-	-	0.41	0.5	Α	(3)c
Power Consumption		P_{LCD}	-	2.05	2.5	watt	(4)
LVDS differential input voltage		Vid	200	-	600	mV	(5)
LVDS differential input voltage		Vid	100	-	600	_mV	
LVDS common input vol	tage	Vic	-	0.8	-	V	

Note (1) The module should be always operated within above ranges.

Note (2) Measurement Conditions:



Vcc rising time is 470µs



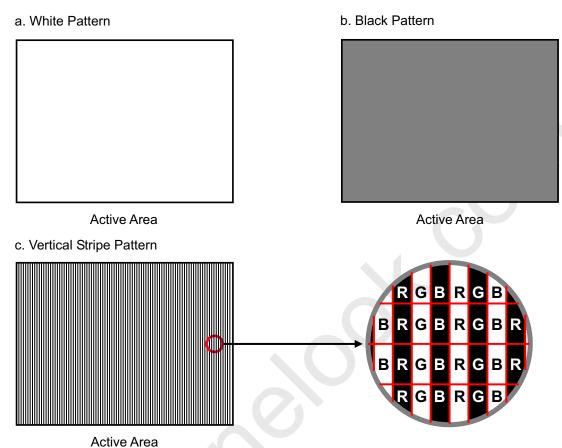


Global LCD Panel Exchange Center

Issued Date: Feb. 3, 2010 Model No.: M156B3-LA1

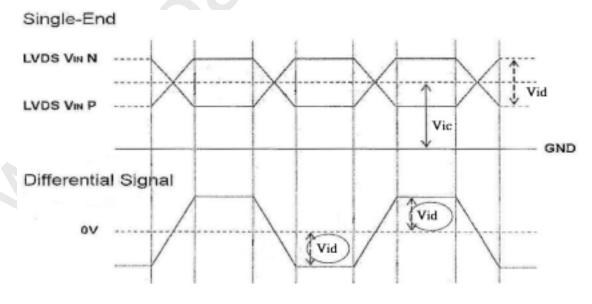
Tentative

Note (3) The specified power supply current is under the conditions at Vcc = 5.0 V, $Ta = 25 \pm 2 \,^{\circ}\text{C}$, $f_v = 60 \,^{\circ}$ Hz, whereas a power dissipation check pattern below is displayed.



Note(4) The power consumption is specified at the pattern with the maximum current.

Note (5) VID waveform condition:

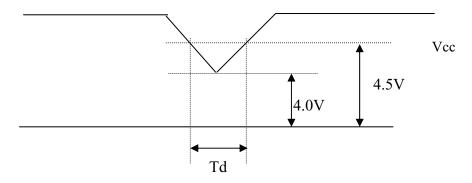






Tentative

3.2 Vcc Power Dip Condition:



Dip condition: 4.0V : Vcc : 4.5V, Td : 20ms

3.3 BACKLIGHT UNIT

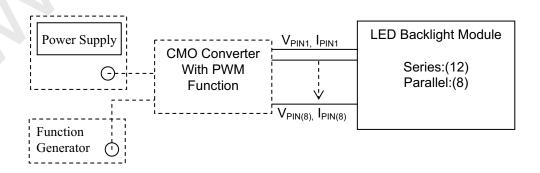
Ta = 25 ± 2 °C

Parameter	Symbol		Value	Unit	Note	
Farameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Offic	Note
LED light bar Input Voltage	Vo	(33.6)	(37.2)	(40.8)	V_{DC}	(1), Duty=100%, IPIN=20mA
LED light bar Lamp Current	I _{pin}		(20)	(30)	mA _{DC}	(1), (2) Duty=100%
LED Life Time	L _{BL}	25000	30000		Hrs	(3)
Power Consumption	Po		(5.952)		W	(1) Duty=100%, IPIN=20mA

Note (1) LED light bar input voltage and current are measured by utilizing a true RMS multimeter as shown below:

Note (2) $P_{BL} = I_{PIN} \times V_{PIN} \times (8)$ input pins, LED light bar circuit is (12)Series, (8)Parallel.

Note (3) The lifetime of LED is defined as the time when LED packages continue to operate under the conditions at Ta = 25 \pm 2 $^{\circ}$ C and I= (20)mA (per chip) until the brightness becomes \leq 50% of its original value.





Tentative

3.4 LIGHTBAR Connector Pin Assignment

3.4.1 Connector type

Iutput connector: 7083K-F12N-00L (Entery)

3.4.2 Input connector pin assignment: CN1

Input connector pin assignment: CN1

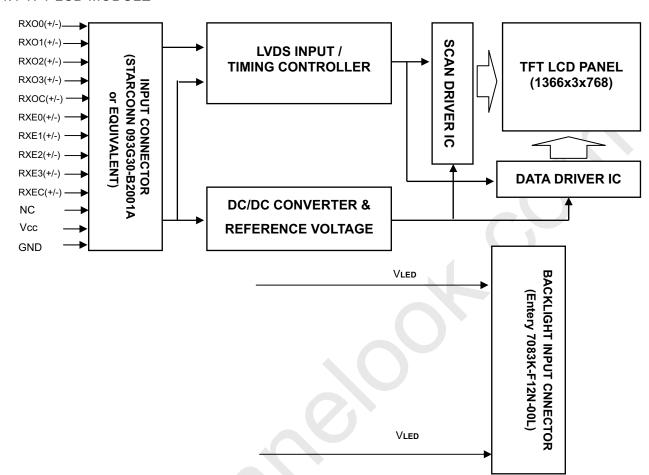
Input co	onnector CN1	
(vendor) (Entery)	(type) 7083K-F12N-00L	Comments
Pin	Function	
1	LED1	LED1 negative polarity
2	LED2	LED1 negative polarity
3	LED3	LED1 negative polarity
4	LED4	LED1 negative polarity
5	NC	No connect
6	VLED (35V)	Input voltage Power Supply + (35V.typ)
7	VLED (35V)	Input voltage Power Supply + (35V.typ)
8	NC	No connect
9	LED5	LED1 negative polarity
10	LED6	LED1 negative polarity
11	LED7	LED1 negative polarity
12	LED8	LED5 negative polarity



Tentative

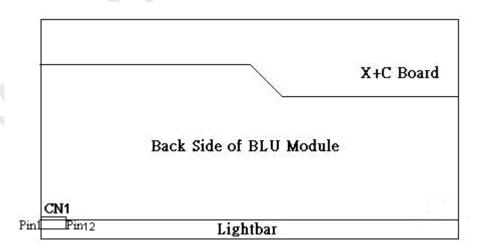
4. BLOCK DIAGRAM

4.1 TFT LCD MODULE



www.panelook.com

4.2 BACKLIGHT UNIT





Tentative

5. INPUT TERMINAL PIN ASSIGNMENT

5.1 TFT LCD MODULE

Pin	Name	Description
1	NC	Not connection, this pin should be open.
2	NC	Not connection, this pin should be open.
3	NC	Not connection, this pin should be open.
4	GND	Ground
5	RX0-	Negative LVDS differential data input. Channel 0
6	RX0+	Positive LVDS differential data input. Channel 0
7	GND	Ground
8	RX1-	Negative LVDS differential data input. Channel 1
9	RX1+	Positive LVDS differential data input. Channel 1
10	GND	Ground
11	RX2-	Negative LVDS differential data input. Channel 2
12	RX2+	Positive LVDS differential data input. Channel 2
13	GND	Ground
14	RXCLK-	Negative LVDS differential clock input.
15	RXCLK+	Positive LVDS differential clock input.
16	GND	Ground
17	RX3-	Negative LVDS differential data input. Channel 3
18	RX3+	Positive LVDS differential data input. Channel 3
19	GND	Ground
20	NC	Not connection, this pin should be open.
21	NC	Not connection, this pin should be open.
22	AGMODE	AGMODE should be tied to ground or open.
23	GND	Ground
24	GND	Ground
25	GND	Ground
26	Vcc	+5.0V power supply
27	Vcc	+5.0V power supply
28	Vcc	+5.0V power supply
29	Vcc	+5.0V power supply
30	Vcc	+5.0V power supply

Note (1) Connector Part No.: STARCONN 093G30-B2001A or equivalent

Note (2) Mating Wire Cable Connector Part No.: FI-X30H(JAE) or FI-X30HL(JAE)

Note (3) Mating FFC Cable Connector Part No.: 217007-013001 (P-TWO) or JF05X030-1 (JAE)

Note (4) The first pixel is odd.

Note (5) Input signal of even and odd clock should be the same timing.

5.2 LVDS DATA MAPPING TABLE

LVDS Channel	0	LVDS output	D7	D6	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0
LVD3 Channel	U	Data order	G0	R5	R4	R3	R2	R1	R0
LVDS Channel	1	LVDS output	D18	D15	D14	D13	D12	D9	D8
LVD3 Channel	ı	Data order	B1	B0	G5	G4	G3	G2	G1
LVDS Channel	2	LVDS output	D26	D25	D24	D22	D21	D20	D19
LVD3 Channel		Data order	DE	NA	NA	B5	B4	B3	B2
LVDS Channel	3	LVDS output	D23	D17	D16	D11	D10	D5	D27
LVD3 Channel	J	Data order	NA	B7	B6	G7	G6	R7	R6



Tentative



5.3 COLOR DATA INPUT ASSIGNMENT

The brightness of each primary color (red, green and blue) is based on the 8-bit gray scale data input for the color. The higher the binary input, the brighter the color. The table below provides the assignment of color versus data input.

												Da		Sigr											
	Color				Re									reer							Bli				
	I	R7	R6	R5	R4	R3	R2	R1	R0	R7	R6	G5				G1	G0	R7	R6	B5	B4			_	B0
	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Basic	Blue	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Colors	Cyan	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Magenta	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Yellow	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	White	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Red(0) / Dark	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red(1)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red(2)	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Gray	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	: '			:		:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Scale	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:				:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Of	Red(253)	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Red	Red(254)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red(255)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green(0) / Dark	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green(1)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Gray	Green(2)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Scale	:	:	:	:	:	:	:				:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Of	:	:	:	:	:	:		:		.7	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Green	Green(253)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Green	Green(254)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green(255)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Blue(0) / Dark	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Blue(1)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
Gray	Blue(2)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
Scale	:	:		:		:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Of	: (:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Blue	Blue(253)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1
Dide	Blue(254)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0
	Blue(255)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1

Note (1) 0: Low Level Voltage, 1: High Level Voltage



Tentative

6. INTERFACE TIMING

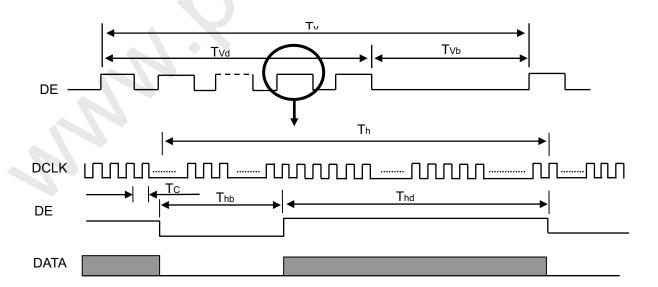
6.1 INPUT SIGNAL TIMING SPECIFICATIONS

The input signal timing specifications are shown as the following table and timing diagram.

Signal	Item	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Note
_	Frequency	Fc	60	76	96	MHz	-
	Period	Tc		13		ns	
	Input cycle to cycle jitter	T _{rcl}	-20*Tc		20*Tc	ps	(1)
LVDS Clock	Spread spectrum modulation range	Fclkin_mod	FC*98%		FC*102 %	MHz	(2)
	Spread spectrum modulation frequency	F _{SSM}			200	KHz	(2)
	High Time	Tch	-	4/7	_	Tc	-
	Low Time	Tcl	-	3/7	-	Tc	-
LVDC Data	Setup Time	Tlvs	600	-	4	ps	(2)
LVDS Data	Hold Time	Tlvh	600	-		ps	(3)
	Frame Rate	Fr	50	60	76	Hz	Tv=Tvd+Tvb
Vertical Active Display Torm	Total	Tv	800	806	815	Th	-
Vertical Active Display Term	Display	Tvd	768	768	768	Th	-
	Blank	Tvb	Tv-Tvd	38	Tv-Tvd	Th	-
	Total	Th	1500	1560	1570	Tc	Th=Thd+Thb
Horizontal Active Display Term	Display	Thd	1366	1366	1366	Tc	-
	Blank	Thb	Th-Thd	194	Th-Thd	Tc	-

Note: Because this module is operated by DE only mode, Hsync and Vsync input signals are ignored.

INPUT SIGNAL TIMING DIAGRAM

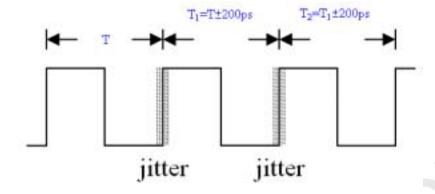




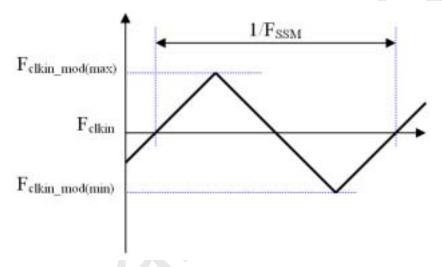
Global LCD Panel Exchange Center

Issued Date: Feb. 3, 2010 Model No.: M156B3-LA1 Tentative

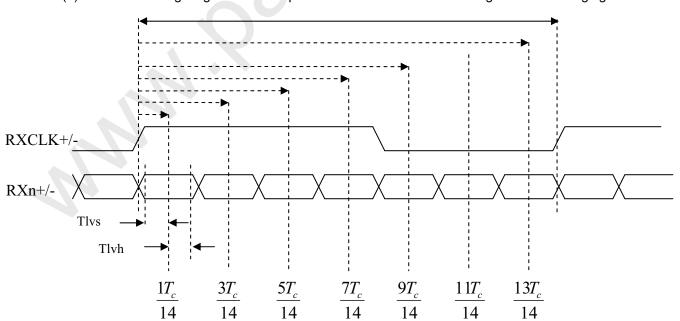
Note (1) The input clock cycle-to-cycle jitter is defined as below figures. Trcl = $IT_1 - TI$



Note (2) The SSCG (Spread spectrum clock generator) is defined as below figures



Note (3) The LVDS timing diagram and setup/hold time is defined and showing as the following figures



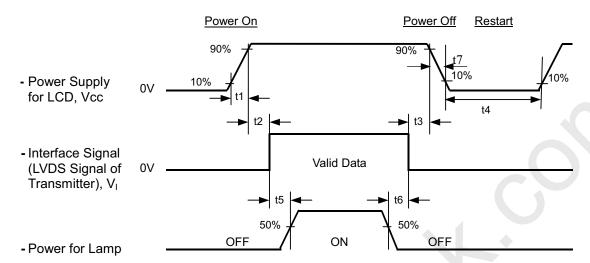
15 / 27



Tentative

6.2 POWER ON/OFF SEQUENCE

To prevent a latch-up or DC operation of LCD module, the power on/off sequence should be as the diagram below.



Timing Specifications:

0.5< t1 ≤ 10 msec

0 < t2 ≦ 50 msec

0 < t3 ≦ 50 msec

t4 ≥ 500 msec

t5 ≥ 450 msec

t6 ≥ 90 msec

5 ≦ t7 ≦ 100 msec

Note.

- (1) The supply voltage of the external system for the module input should be the same as the definition of Vcc.
- (2) When the backlight turns on before the LCD operation of the LCD turns off, the display may momentarily become abnormal screen.
- (3) In case of Vcc = off level, please keep the level of input signals on the low or keep a high impedance.
- (4) t4 should be measured after the module has been fully discharged between power of and on period.
- (5) Interface signal shall not be kept at high impedance when the power is on.
- (6) CMO won't take any responsibility for the products which are damaged by the customers not following the Power Sequence.
- (7) There might be slight electronic noise when LCD is turned off (even backlight unit is also off). To avoid this symptom, we suggest "Vcc falling timing" to follow "t7 spec".



Tentative

7. OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS

7.1 TEST CONDITIONS

Item	Symbol	Value	Unit
Ambient Temperature	Та	25±2	°C
Ambient Humidity	На	50±10	%RH
Supply Voltage	V_{CC}	5.0	V
Input Signal	According to typical value	alue in "3. ELECTRICAL (CHARACTERISTICS"
LED Light Bar Input Current (per pin)	l _{pin}	20±0.6	mA
PWM Duty Ratio	D	100	%
LED Light Bar Test Converter		CMO 27-D041745	

7.2 OPTICAL SPECIFICATIONS

The relative measurement methods of optical characteristics are shown in 7.2. The following items should be measured under the test conditions described in 7.1 and stable environment shown in Note (5).

Iter	n	Symbol	Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Note
	Red	Rx			(0.624)			
	Red	Ry			(0.346)			
Outro	Green	Gx			(0.335)			
Color Chromaticity	Green	Gy		Тур -	(0.604)	Typ +		(1) (5)
(CIE 1931)	Blue	Bx	0 -00 0 -00	0.03	(0.160)	0.03	_	(1), (5)
(8.2 1881)	blue	Ву	θ_x =0°, θ_Y =0° CS-2000		(0.071)			
	White	Wx	C3-2000		(0.313)			
	vvnite	Wy			(0.329)			
	Center Luminance of White (Center of Screen)			200	250	-	cd/m ²	(4), (5)
Contrast	Ratio	CR		350	500	-	-	(2), (5)
		T_R		-	2	4 12 ms		
Respons	e Time	T_F	θ_x =0° , θ_Y =0°	-	6			(3), (7)
		T_{GtG_AVE}		-	-			
White Variation		δW	θ_x =0°, θ_Y =0°			(1.33)	-	(5), (6)
Viouring Angle	Horizontal	θ_{x}	CR ≧ 5	(90)	(100)	-	Dog	(1) (E)
Viewing Angle	Vertical	θ_{Y}	OK ≦ 3	(70)	(80)	-	Deg.	(1), (5)
Viewing Angle	Horizontal	θ_{x}	CR ≧ 10	(80)	(90)	-	Dog	(1), (5)
Viewing Angle	Vertical	θ_{Y}	ON ≦ 10	(55)	(65)	-	Deg.	

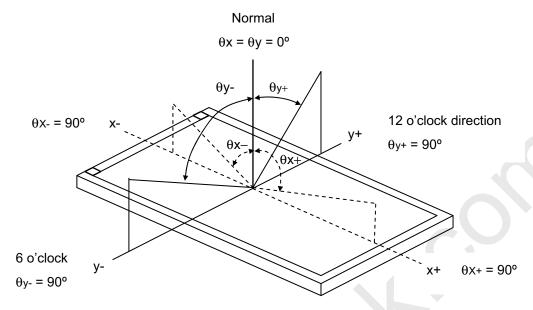


Global LCD Panel Exchange Center

Issued Date: Feb. 3, 2010 Model No.: M156B3-LA1

Tentative

Note (1) Definition of Viewing Angle (θx , θy):



Note (2) Definition of Contrast Ratio (CR):

The contrast ratio can be calculated by the following expression.

Contrast Ratio (CR) = L255 / L0

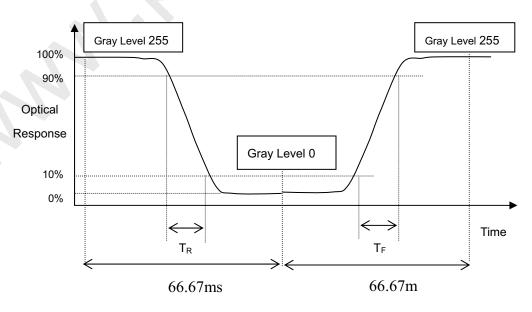
L255: Luminance of gray level 255

L 0: Luminance of gray level 0

CR = CR(1)

CR (X) is corresponding to the Contrast Ratio of the point X at Figure in Note (6).

Note (3) Definition of Response Time (T_R, T_F):



18 / 27



Tentative

Note (4) Definition of Luminance of White (L_C):

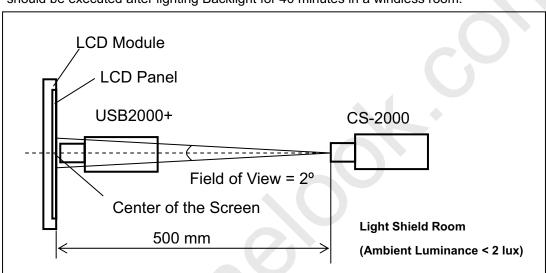
Measure the luminance of gray level 255 at center point

$$L_{c} = L(1)$$

L (x) is corresponding to the luminance of the point X at Figure in Note (6).

Note (5) Measurement Setup:

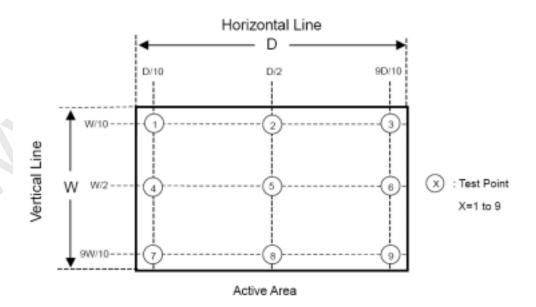
The LCD module should be stabilized at given temperature for 40 minutes to avoid abrupt temperature change during measuring. In order to stabilize the luminance, the measurement should be executed after lighting Backlight for 40 minutes in a windless room.



Note (6) Definition of White Variation (δW):

Measure the luminance of gray level 255 at 9 points

 $\delta W = Maximum [L (1), L (2) L (4), L (9)] / Minimum [L (1), L (2) L (4), L (9)]$





Tentative

8. PACKAGING

8.1 PACKING SPECIFICATIONS

- (1) 12 LCD modules / 1 Box
- (2) Box dimensions: 490(L) X 325(W) X 320(H) mm
- (3) Weight: approximately 15.7Kg (12 modules per box)

8.2 PACKING METHOD

(1) Carton Packing should have no failure in the following reliability test items.

Test Item	Test Conditions	Note
	ISTA STANDARD	
	Random, Frequency Range: 1 – 200 Hz	
Vibration	Top & Bottom: 30 minutes (+Z), 10 min (-Z),	Non Operation
	Right & Left: 10 minutes (X)	
	Back & Forth 10 minutes (Y)	
Dropping Test	1 Corner, 3 Edge, 6 Face, ISTA STANDARD	Non Operation

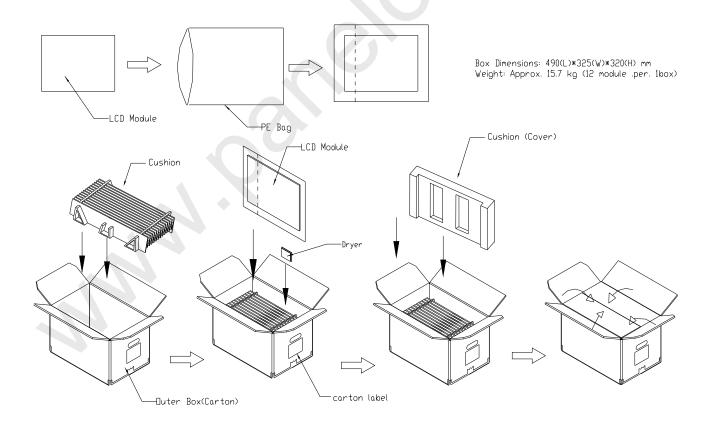


Figure. 8-1 Packing method

20 / 27



Tentative

For ocean shipping

Sea / Land Transportation (40ft Container)

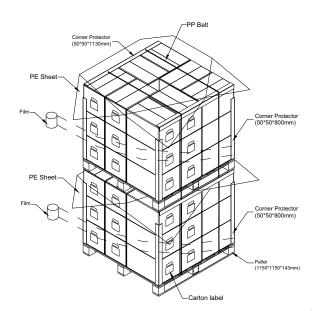


Figure. 8-2 Packing method

For air transport

Air transportation

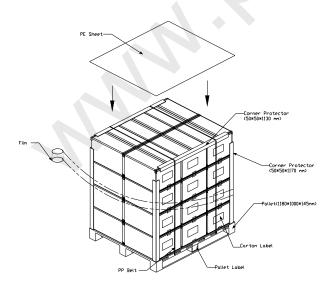


Figure. 8-3 Packing method



Tentative

9. DEFINITION OF LABELS

9.1 CMO MODULE LABEL

The barcode nameplate is pasted on each module as illustration, and its definitions are as following explanation.



(a) Model Name: M156B3-LA1

(b) Revision: Rev. XX, for example: A0, A1... B1, B2... or C1, C2...etc.

(c) CMO barcode definition:

Serial ID: XX-XX-X-XX-YMD-L-NNNN

Code	Meaning	Description
XX	CMO internal use	-
XX	Revision	Cover all the change
Х	CMO internal use	-
YMD	Year, month, day	Year: 0~9, 2001=1, 2002=2, 2003=32010=0, 2011=1, 2012=2 Month: 1~12=1, 2, 3, ~, 9, A, B, C Day: 1~31=1, 2, 3, ~, 9, A, B, C, ~, W, X, Y, exclude I, O, and U.
L	Product line #	Line 1=1, Line 2=2, Line 3=3,
NNNN	Serial number	Manufacturing sequence of product

(d) Customer's barcode definition:

Serial ID: CM-15B31-X-X-X-XX-L-XX-L-YMD-NNNN

Code	Meaning	Description
CM	Supplier code	CMO=CM
F63A1	Model number	M156B3-LA1=F63A1
Х	Revision code	Non ZBD: 1,2,~,8,9 / ZBD: A~Z
Х	Source driver IC code	Century=1, CLL=2, Demos=3, Epson=4, Fujitsu=5, Himax=6, Hitachi=7, Hynix=8, LDI=9, Matsushita=A, NEC=B, Novatec=C,
Х	Gate driver IC code	OKI=D, Philips=E, Renasas=F, Samsung=G, Sanyo=H, Sharp=I, TI=J, Topro=K, Toshiba=L, Windbond=M
XX	Cell location	Tainan, Taiwan=TN
L	Cell line #	1,2,~,9,A,B,~,Y,Z
XX	Module location	Tainan, Taiwan=TN ; Ningbo China=NP
L	Module line #	1,2,~,9,A,B,~,Y,Z
	Year, month, day	Year: 0~9, 2001=1, 2002=2, 2003=32010=0, 2011=1, 2012=2
YMD		Month: 1~12=1, 2, 3, ~, 9, A, B, C
		Day: 1~31=1, 2, 3, ~, 9, A, B, C, ~, T, U, V
ŇNNN	Serial number	Manufacturing sequence of product

(e) FAB ID(UL Factory ID):

Region	Factory ID
TWCMO	GEMN
NBCMO	LEOO
NBCME	CANO
NHCMO	CAPG



Tentative

10. Reliability Test

Environment test conditions are listed as following table.

Items	Required Condition	Note
Temperature Humidity Bias (THB)	Ta= 50℃ , 80%RH, 240hours	
High Temperature Operation (HTO)	Ta= 50℃,50%RH,240hours	
Low Temperature Operation (LTO)	Ta= 0°C , 240hours	
High Temperature Storage (HTS)	Ta= 60°C , 240hours	
Low Temperature Storage (LTS)	Ta= -20°C , 240hours	
Vibration Test (Non-operation)	Acceleration: 1.5 Grms Wave: Half-sine Frequency: 10 - 300 Hz Sweep: 30 Minutes each Axis (X, Y, Z)	
Shock Test (Non-operation)	Acceleration: 50 G Wave: Half-sine Active Time: 11 ms Direction: ± X, ± Y, ± Z.(one time for each Axis)	
Thermal Shock Test (TST)	-20 $^{\circ}$ C/30min , 60 $^{\circ}$ C / 30min , 100 cycles	
On/Off Test	25°C ,On/10sec , Off /10sec , 30,000 cycles	
ESD (Electro Static Discharge)	Contact Discharge: ± 8KV, 150pF(330Ω) Air Discharge: ± 15KV, 150pF(330Ω)	
Altitude Test	Operation:10,000 ft / 24hours Non-Operation:30,000 ft / 24hours	



Tentative

11. PRECAUTIONS

11.1 ASSEMBLY AND HANDLING PRECAUTIONS

- (1) Do not apply rough force such as bending or twisting to the module during assembly.
- (2) To assemble or install module into user's system can be only in clean working areas. The dust and oil may cause electrical short or worsen the polarizer.
- (3) It's not permitted to have pressure or impulse on the module because the LCD panel and Backlight will be damaged.
- (4) Always follow the correct power sequence when LCD module is connecting and operating. This can prevent damage to the CMOS LSI chips during latch-up.
- (5) Do not pull the I/F connector in or out while the module is operating.
- (6) Do not disassemble the module.
- (7) Use a soft dry cloth without chemicals for cleaning, because the surface of polarizer is very soft and easily scratched.
- (8) It is dangerous that moisture come into or contacted the LCD module, because moisture may damage LCD module when it is operating.
- (9) High temperature or humidity may reduce the performance of module. Please store LCD module within the specified storage conditions.
- (10) When ambient temperature is lower than 10°C may reduce the display quality. For example, the response time will become slowly.

11.2 SAFETY PRECAUTIONS

- (1) If the liquid crystal material leaks from the panel, it should be kept away from the eyes or mouth. In case of contact with hands, skin or clothes, it has to be washed away thoroughly with soap.
- (2) After the module's end of life, it is not harmful in case of normal operation and storage.

11.3 SAFETY STANDARDS

The LCD module should be certified with safety regulations as follows:

- (1) UL60950-1 or updated standard.
- (2) IEC60950-1 or updated standard.

11.4. Storage

- (1) Do not leave the module in high temperature, and high humidity for a long time. It is highly recommended to store the module with temperature from 0°C to 35°C And relative humidity of less than 70%
- (2) Do not store the TFT LCD module in direct sunlight
- (3) The module should be stored in dark place. It is prohibited to apply sunlight or fluorescent light in storing

11.5. Operation condition guide

(1) The LCD product should be operated under normal condition.



Tentative

Normal condition is defined as below:

Temperature : 20±15℃ Humidity: 65±20%

Display pattern : continually changing pattern(Not stationary)

(2) If the product will be used in extreme conditions such as high temperature, high humidity, high altitude, display pattern or operation time etc...It is strongly recommended to contact CMO for application engineering advice. Otherwise, Its reliability and function may not be guaranteed.

11.6 OTHER

When fixed patterns are displayed for a long time, remnant image is likely to occur.

12. MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS

[Refer to the next 2 pages]

